

CLAIMS:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising antigen-presenting cells and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have
5 been pulsed with an agent selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a nervous system (NS)-specific antigen or an analog thereof;
 - (b) a peptide derived from an NS-specific antigen or from an analog thereof, or an analog or derivative of said peptide;
 - (c) a copolymer selected from the group consisting of Copolymer 1, a
10 Copolymer 1-related peptide or polypeptide, and poly-Glu⁵⁰Tyr⁵⁰; and
 - (d) a non-self antigen.
2. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are human antigen-presenting cells.
3. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 2, wherein said antigen-
15 presenting cells are selected from the group consisting of monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells and B cells.
4. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 3, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are human dendritic cells.
5. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 4, in which the human
20 dendritic cells were obtained from skin, spleen, thymus, bone marrow, lymph nodes or peripheral blood of an individual.
6. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 3, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been cultured in a medium containing at least one stimulatory biologically active agent selected from the group consisting of transforming growth
25 factor-beta (TGF- β), β -interferon (IFN- β), IFN- γ , tumor necrosis factor- α (TNF- α), interleukin 2 (IL-2), IL-3, IL-4, IL-6, IL-10, monocyte chemotactic and activating factor (MCAF), granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), macrophage colony

stimulating factor (M-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), colony stimulating factor 1 (CSF-1), neurotrophic factor 3 (NT-3), nerve growth factor (NGF), brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), lipid A, the tripeptide fMet-Leu-Phe (Fmlp), muramyl dipeptide (MDP), the ionophore A23187,
5 vitamin D3-binding protein, CD40 ligand and lipopolysaccharide (LPS).

7. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 6, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been cultured in a medium containing IL-4, GM-CSF, or both IL-4 and GM-CSF.

8. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are human dendritic cells that have been cultured in a medium
10 containing both IL-4 and GM-CSF.

9. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been pulsed with a NS-specific antigen or an analog thereof.

10. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 9, wherein said NS-specific antigen is selected from the group consisting of myelin basic protein (MBP), myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG), proteolipid protein (PLP), myelin-associated glycoprotein (MAG), S-100, β -amyloid, Thy-1, P0, myelin antigen P2, neurotransmitter receptors, Nogo-A, Nogo-B, Nogo-C, and the Nogo
15 receptor (NgR).
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11. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been pulsed with a peptide derived from a NS-specific antigen or from an analog thereof.

12. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11, wherein said peptide is
25 a peptide derived from MBP.

13. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12, wherein said MBP peptide is the MBP 87-99 peptide (SEQ ID NO:2).
14. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been pulsed with an analog of a peptide
5 derived from a NS-specific antigen.
15. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 14, wherein said peptide is an analog of a MBP peptide.
16. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15, wherein said analog is selected from the group of peptides consisting of MBP-G91 (SEQ ID NO:3), MBP-
10 A91 (SEQ ID NO:4), and MBP-A96 (SEQ ID NO:5).
17. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been pulsed with Copolymer 1.
18. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been pulsed with poly-Glu⁵⁰Tyr⁵⁰.
- 15 19. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, for preventing or inhibiting neuronal degeneration, or for promoting nerve regeneration, in the central nervous system (CNS) or peripheral nervous system (PNS).
- 20 20. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 19, for treating an injury, disorder or disease of the CNS or PNS.
21. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20, wherein the injury in the CNS is spinal cord injury, blunt trauma, penetrating trauma, brain coup or contrecoup, hemorrhagic stroke, or ischemic stroke.
- 25 22. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20, wherein the disorder or disease is diabetic neuropathy, senile dementia, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's

disease, facial nerve (Bell's) palsy, Huntington's chorea, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), vitamin deficiency, epilepsy, amnesia, anxiety, hyperalgesia, psychosis, seizures, oxidative stress, opiate tolerance and dependence, glaucoma, optic neuropathy, age-related macular degeneration or retinal degeneration.

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23. A method for preventing or inhibiting neuronal degeneration, or for promoting nerve regeneration, in the central nervous system (CNS) or peripheral nervous system (PNS), which comprises administering to an individual in need thereof an effective amount of antigen-presenting cells that have been pulsed with an agent selected from the group consisting of:

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- (a) a nervous system (NS)-specific antigen or an analog thereof;
- (b) a peptide derived from an NS-specific antigen or from an analog thereof, or an analog or derivative of said peptide;
- (c) a copolymer selected from the group consisting of Copolymer 1, a Copolymer 1-related peptide or polypeptide, and poly-Glu⁵⁰Tyr⁵⁰; and
- (d) a non-self antigen.

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24. A method according to claim 23, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are human antigen-presenting cells.

20 25. A method according to claim 24, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are selected from the group consisting of monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells and B cells.

26. A method according to claim 25, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are autologous dendritic cells obtained from the individual in need.

25 27. The method according to claim 26, in which the dendritic cells were obtained from skin, spleen, thymus, bone marrow, lymph nodes or peripheral blood of said individual.

28. A method according to claim 23, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been cultured in a medium containing at least one stimulatory biologically active agent selected from the group consisting of transforming growth factor-beta (TGF- β), β -interferon (IFN- β), IFN- γ , tumor necrosis factor- α (TNF- α), interleukin 2 (IL-2), IL-3, IL-4, IL-6, IL-10, monocyte chemotactic and activating factor (MCAF), granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), macrophage colony stimulating factor (M-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), colony stimulating factor 1 (CSF-1), neurotrophic factor 3 (NT-3), nerve growth factor (NGF), brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), lipid A, the tripeptide fMet-Leu-Phe (Fmlp), muramyl dipeptide (MDP), the ionophore A23187, vitamin D3-binding protein, CD40 ligand and lipopolysaccharide (LPS).

29. A method according to claim 28, wherein said antigen-presenting cells have been cultured in a medium containing IL-4, GM-CSF, or both IL-4 and GM-CSF.

30. The method according to claim 29, wherein said antigen-presenting cells are human dendritic cells that have been cultured in a medium containing both IL-4 and GM-CSF.

31. A method for treatment of an injury, disorder or disease of the CNS or PNS, which comprises administering to an individual in need thereof an effective amount of antigen-presenting cells that have been pulsed with an agent selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a nervous system (NS)-specific antigen or an analog thereof;
- (b) a peptide derived from an NS-specific antigen or from an analog thereof, or an analog or derivative of said peptide;
- (c) a copolymer selected from the group consisting of Copolymer 1, a Copolymer 1-related peptide or polypeptide, and poly-Glu⁵⁰Tyr⁵⁰; and
- (d) a non-self antigen.

32. A method according to claim 31, wherein the injury in the CNS is spinal cord injury, blunt trauma, penetrating trauma, brain coup or contrecoup, hemorrhagic stroke, or ischemic stroke.

5 33. A method according to claim 31, wherein the disorder or disease is diabetic neuropathy, senile dementia, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, facial nerve (Bell's) palsy, Huntington's chorea, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), vitamin deficiency, epilepsy, amnesia, anxiety, hyperalgesia, psychosis, seizures, oxidative stress, opiate tolerance and dependence, glaucoma, optic neuropathy, age-related
10 macular degeneration or retinal degeneration.

34. A method according to claim 31 wherein said antigen presenting cells are administered locally at or near the site of injury,

15 35. A method according to claim 31 wherein said antigen presenting cells are administered sistemically

36. A method for treatment of spinal cord injury, which comprises administering to an individual in need thereof an effective amount of autologous dendritic cells
20 that have been pulsed with an agent selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a nervous system (NS)-specific antigen or an analog thereof;
- (b) a peptide derived from an NS-specific antigen or from an analog thereof, or an analog or derivative of said peptide;
- (c) a copolymer selected from the group consisting of Copolymer
25 1, a Copolymer 1-related peptide or polypeptide, and poly-Glu⁵⁰Tyr⁵⁰; and
- (d) a non-self antigen.

37. The method according to claim 36 wherein said autologous dendritic cells have been cultured in a medium comprising GM-CSF and IL-4 and then pulsed with the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 4.

5 38. A method for treatment of an injury of the CNS or PNS, which comprises immunizing an individual in need thereof with a non-self-antigen and thereafter administering to said individual at the injury site an effective amount of antigen-presenting cells that have been pulsed with said non-self antigen.

10 39. A method for treatment of an injury of the CNS or PNS, which comprises administering to an individual in need at the injury site an effective amount of antigen-presenting cells that have been pulsed with a non-self antigen, wherein said individual is an individual that has been exposed previously to said non-self antigen.

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